THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 32 9. COLORADO SPRINGS, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1884. Price Five Cents

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Text of Representative Buckner's Anti-Silver Bill.

Grant Requests that the Pension Bill be Withdrawn.

The Supreme Court Renders an Important Chinese Decision.

Buckner's Bill.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Following is the text of Buckner's bill introduced in the house to-day:

SECTION 1. That so much of the act entitled, "An Act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and restore its legal tender character, to authorize and direct the secretary of the treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than $2 dollars worth per month, and not more than $4,000,000 worth per month, and cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as it is so purchased, into standard silver dollars, and which appropriates out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated a sum sufficient to carry out this provision, as to the coinage of standard silver, be and the same is hereby suspended for a term of three years from the 4th of March, 1885.

SEC. 2. That immediately after the taking effect of this act, the president shall open a correspondence with the governments of Great Britain, Germany, and the members of the Latin Union, so-called, and with such other European and American governments as he may deem advisable, and urge upon them the desire of the government and the people of the United States for the establishment of a common ratio between gold and silver, and an international agreement, securing the fixed relative money value between these metals; and whenever any three European governments, including Great Britain, shall concur in the importance and propriety of such an international agreement, the president is directed to invite a conference at such a time and place as may be agreed upon, of the delegates from the said several governments of Europe and America.

SEC. 3. The president is authorized to direct any three American ministers, who may be accredited to the courts of Europe, to represent the United States in such conference, or he may, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, appoint not more than three special commissioners to attend the said conference, who shall be paid the same compensation as provided in the act of February 28, 1878, and the amount necessary to pay the said compensation and the reasonable expenses of such commission is hereby appropriated out of the money of the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Secrecy of the Ballot.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—A bill was introduced in the house to-day by Beach to maintain the secrecy of the ballot in the election of representatives and delegates in congress. It provides for a separate and uniform ballot upon which are the names of the candidates to be voted for. The quality of paper and size of type are specified and a general provision made that all ballots must be the same in outward appearance. An important change in the existing law is made in respect to what is a legal ballot. Section 27 revised statutes provides that all votes for representatives must be by written or printed ballot, and nullifies all votes which are not so cast. Beach's bill permits ballots to be printed or written, or partly printed and written. The bill also requires that all representatives and delegates shall be voted for on separate ballots. Violation of any provision of the bill is declared a misdemeanor and punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Thomas O. Osborne of Illinois, minister resident and consul general of the United States to the Argentine Republic; John Baker, Illinois, minister resident and consul general of the United States to Venezuela; Willard P. Tisdell, Ohio, agent of the United States to the states of the Congo association. Secretaries of legations—Dwight T. Reed, Madrid; A. F. Chapman, Berlin; Frederick B. Crosby, second secretary of the legation at Berlin. Otis P. Clark, Rhode Island, commissioner of pensions; Calvin D. Walker, Indiana, first deputy commissioner of pensions; Noah P. Loveridge, Michigan, second deputy commissioner of pensions. The nomination of Hugh McCulloch, secretary of the treasury, was favorably reported from the senate committee on finance, but Senator Riddleberger objected to present consideration and under the rules it went over to the next executive session.

More Money Wanted.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Postmaster General Hatton recommends the immediate appropriation of $100,000 for the railroad postal car service for the remainder of the year. In the letter sent to the house to-day he says: "The accomplishment of certain long desired improvements in the postal service whereby time in transit between the east and far west is much reduced, rendered it necessary to establish a greater amount of railway postal car service than anticipated when the estimate was submitted and the appropriation made for that subject."

Entitled to Pay.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—In the supreme court decision was rendered in the cases of the United States appellant against Wm. H. Emery, and the same appellant against J. H. North, brought here from the court of claims to involve the question whether officers of the regular army and navy who served out their engagements or were honorably discharged in the Mexican war are entitled to three months extra pay. This court holds they were entitled to such pay and affirms the decision of the court of claims. The number of officers affected by this decision is four or five hundred.

Chinese Rights.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—The supreme court rendered a decision to-day, in a case involving the rights of Chinese under the act of congress restraining immigration. The decision of the case here is based on the ground that the acts of congress did not necessarily conflict with the treaty and that the duty of the court was, if possible, to make the statute and treaty stand together. On that ground the court holds that congress did not intend by its legislation to violate any rights previously acquired under the treaty of 80. The opinion was delivered by Judge Harlan.

Justice Field delivered for himself and Justice Bradley a long dissenting opinion, in which he maintained that the construction given by the court to the restriction act was in direct conflict with the plain language of the treaty, and rendered nugatory whole provisions which had been inserted with solicitous care by the amendatory act. He says: It is declared that the certificate which the Chinese laborer must obtain shall be the only evidence permissible to establish his right of entry into the United States. This declaration applies to the certificate issued under either act. By it the door is effectually closed to all parole evidence and perjuries which daily characterize that evidence. Nothing in my judgment can take the place of this certificate or dispense with it, and I see only mischief and trouble following the opposite conclusion. All the bitterness which has heretofore existed on the subject of immigration of Chinese laborers will be revived and intensified and our courts on the Pacific coast will be crowded with applicants to land who never before saw our shores and yet who produce a multitude of witnesses to establish their former residence whose testimony cannot be refuted and yet cannot be rejected. I cannot but hope congress will at an early day speak on this subject and declare that it means what it seems to me it has already plainly said."

XVIII Congress

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Keifer, committee on appropriations, reported the military academy appropriation bill. Referred to the committee of the whole.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the postmaster-general asking an appropriation of $100,000 for the railroad postal car service for the remainder of the current fiscal year. Referred.

Bills were introduced and referred by Townshend, proposing a constitutional amendment providing that treaties shall be made by and with the consent of the house as well as the senate.

By Morrison to amend the act making the loan to and the celebration of the world's industrial and cotton centennial exposition. It directs the secretary of the treasury to demand from the president and treasurer of the world's industrial and cotton centennial exposition a bond with good and solvent security of double the amount, for the return of the loan made by the United States, and in case such bond is not forthcoming before the opening of the exposition, he is directed to take possession of the entrances to the exposition ground and appoint bonded officers of the customs for the purpose of collecting entrance money paid for admission to be applied as a sinking fund for the liquidation of said loan.

By Ryan, to open to homestead settlement certain portions of Indian territory.

By Buckner, to suspend the coinage of standard silver dollars.

The speaker said that under the rules the bill should be referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures.

Buckner asked that it be referred to the committee on banking and currency, and the bill was referred as indicated by the speaker.

By O'Neill, of Missouri, to increase the number of lighthouse districts on the Missouri river.

By Robinson, of New York, for restoration of the inaugural ceremonies to Jefferson republican simplicity.

By Cox, of New York, a joint resolution proposing an appropriation of $100,000 for the completion of the pedestal of the statue of Liberty Enlightening the World, the gift of France.

By Warner, to prevent the contraction of the currency. It provides that whenever the value of national bank currency falls below $308,318,964 by the surrender and cancellation of national bank notes the secretary of the treasury is authorized and directed to issue United States notes in denominations as near as may be of the bank notes surrendered and cancelled, redeemable in coin in the same manner as United States notes are now redeemable, in sufficient amount to maintain the volume of paper currency including national bank notes, greenbacks and notes authorized by this act at a total of $650,000,000.

By Ellis, appropriating $25,000 for erecting a monument to officers and men who perished in the Greeley expedition.

The house resumed consideration of the inter-state commerce bill.

Findlay advocated the bill of the committee, especially the section providing for a commission.

O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, said railroad companies desired proper legislation and had sought it in the state legislatures. Various states had laws regulating railroad transportation and he did not see why congress should seek to bring into the hands of the national government control of these corporations. He favored a commission only for the purpose of obtaining information.

Warner of Ohio maintained that the time had come when the general government should assume the regulation of inter-state traffic on railroads. Unreasonable preference to certain shippers and unjust discrimination against others was a most crying evil perpetrated by railroads, and steps should be taken to eradicate that evil.

Rockwell and Rice opposed the Reagan substitute.

Pending further discussion the matter went over, and the house adjourned.

SENATE.

The chair laid before the senate a letter from the postmaster general recommending larger clerical forces at postoffices.

When the chair laid before the house the naval appropriation bill, recently passed by the house, Mitchell read a letter from General Grant relating to the bill recently introduced to give him a pension. General Grant expressed the hope that the bill be withdrawn, as under no circumstances could he accept a pension, even if the bill passed both houses and received the approval of the president. Mitchell said that he had introduced the bill because he was chairman of the committee on pensions, and the president had recommended a pension for General Grant. He (Mitchell) had always felt General Grant ought to be placed where he was when, to accept the presidency, he laid down the great office he won in war. In deference to General Grant's wish Mitchell withdrew the bill.

A message being received from the house announcing non-concurrence of that body in senate amendments to the bill forfeiting unearned lands granted the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, the senate insisted on its amendments and ordered a committee of conference. The chair appointed as such committee, Morgan, Blair and Plumb.

Bills were introduced and referred: By Blair, for an appropriation to promote a colored people's world's exposition to be held in Chicago. It recites that, whereas in the opinion of the government of the United States an exposition of arts, mechanics and producers of colored races of the world, to be held at Chicago in September, 1885, is of national importance and intended as one means to cultivation of a thorough knowledge of the arts and trades among colored people and create among them stimulus to industry and show the results of the colored people's progress in agricultural manufactures and the science of forestry and horticulture, and introduce among them improved machinery and furnish to the government information as to the wisdom of the liberty and enfranchisement of its colored citizens; therefore, be it enacted that $500,000 be appropriated in aid of said exposition. It is also provided that J. W. Thomas of Illinois, Daniel L. Johnson of Mississippi, Phillip Joseph of Alabama, W. Wyatt Henderson of Illinois, Jos. W. Moore of Tennessee, and T. Thomas Fortune of New York, be created a board of commissioners for disbursement of this amount, and that they shall give a bond of $200,000 conditioned upon the faithful performance of their duties. A part of their duties the bill further provides, shall be to audit the accounts of the exposition and turn into the United States treasury within sixty days after the close of the exposition the $500,000 appropriated by congress or the portion of that sum which shall remain in the exposition treasury after its indebtedness is paid. The board is also to report on the number of exhibitors, etc., at the exposition.

By Ingalls, to amend the revised statutes so as to make the day of the inauguration of a president of the United States a legal holiday in the District of Columbia.

Allison submitted a joint resolution, which passed, extending the time fixed for submission of the report of the joint commission appointed to consider the organization of the civil service and other bureaus of the government.

Dolph called up the bill reported from the committee on railroads at the last session, providing for the incorporation of the Spokane Falls and Coeur d'Alene Railway company in the territories of Idaho and Washington.

Harrison criticized the bill as covering a class of legislation properly belonging to the territories. From the number of branches provided for in the bill, he thought it likely the company could monopolize all the passes in the mountains, and from other provisions it seemed the company could secure lands enough to absorb the public domain as well as railroads in the two territories named.

Dolph defended the bill as containing only the customary provisions.

Platt said it had come to be the fashion in the United States to build railroads without any cash capital, and that fashion of building railroads on paper was working infinite mischief. When roads were so built the people were taxed twice as much for fares and freight as they would be if the roads were built for cash, in order that the roads may pay dividends on the amount of capital stock.

Vest inquired if the W. H. Armstrong named in the bill as one of the incorporators was the railroad commissioner of the United States.

Dolph replied that he did not know. Amendments proposed by Harrison were agreed to, cutting off the company's right to consolidate with other roads or build branches.

Further consideration was postponed by limitation of time and the bill was defeated; 19 yeas, 29 nays.

Conger gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

After executive session adjourned.

Washington Notes.

Payments so far this month on account of pensions are $8,300,000.

The president yesterday sent to the senate another long list of recess appointments.

The treaty between the United States and Hawaii, signed Saturday, merely provides for the extension of the present treaty for seven years from the date of ratification.

The president has appointed O. O. Stealy, W. G. Nicholas and E. W. Durbans a committee to examine the completed portion of the Southern Pacific railroad in California.

General Foster, United States minister to Spain, arrived in Washington yesterday morning and presented the secretary of state a copy of the treaty entered into between Spain and the United States.

Secretary Teller and Postmaster General Hatton left yesterday morning with their families in a special car by the Atlantic Coast line for New Orleans to attend the world's exposition. They will stop a few days in Florida, but will reach New Orleans in time for the opening of the exposition.

Resuming Work.

YONKERS, December 8.—Alexander Smith's Sons' carpet factory here, closed November 20th, throwing 2,000 hands out of work, will resume Thursday.

TREATY WITH SPAIN.

General Interest Awakened in the Working of the Treaty.

Sugar and Tobacco Manufacturers Close their Factories.

Importers and Business Men Anticipate Much Advantage.

NEW YORK, December 8.—The commercial treaty between the United States and Spain is regarded with great interest by all business men whose trade is affected. A prominent sugar importer said to a Post reporter: "With the exception of the Pacific coast, which was dominated in the sugar trade by Claus Spreckels, the Hawaiian sugar king, the people of this country, some fifty-five millions, were wholly dependent for their sugar upon some twenty refining concerns of this city, Boston and Philadelphia. No raw sugar was used except a little in tobacco manufacture which was not worth mentioning. About one million tons of sugar were imported into the country annually, none of which reached the consumer, except through a little circle of refineries which had the sugar trade by the throat. It is only natural, therefore, that refiners should be satisfied with things as they were. The treaty would amount to commercial annexation of Cuba and Porto Rico to the United States, giving us all the benefit of political annexation without any disadvantages."

In regard to the claim that the treaty will be injurious to the interest of American workmen in refineries, the same importer declared the statement was a preposterous argument, as the refining interest employed fewer skilled workmen than any branch of manufactures in proportion to the value of the product. Nearly all the work was done by machinery, and most of the workmen connected with the business were simple laborers.

H. O. Havemeyer of Havemeyer & Elder, extensive sugar refiners, expressed the strongest opposition to the treaty. He objected to treaty discrimination in favor of trade with any particular country. All the benefit of the Spanish treaty would accrue to the planters of Cuba, who, if it should be ratified, would immediately put up the price of their sugar so as to include the amount of the old duty. If our government was going to give bounties for growing sugar, it would better pay two cents per pound to Louisiana planters. He was in favor of importing raw sugar free from all parts of the world, and refiners in general favored this policy, so as to do away with this tariff agitation. He had been in favor of it, but it had been foolishly deferred to a handful of planters in Louisiana who would never compete successfully with employers of slave labor of the producers of beet root sugar. The treaty, he remarked, not only admitted raw sugars free but grades between numbers 13 and 16, Dutch standard, which were partially refined. This would cause a transfer of that branch of refining to Cuba, as refiners could not compete with slave labor. In consequence of the agitation of this treaty his firm had closed two large refineries at Williamsburg a fortnight ago. These refineries employed 800 men, and of course their suspension affected barrel-making, the bone black business and various other interests.

John Stralton, of the firm of Stralton & Storm, said to-day: "The number of cigars manufactured in this country last year was 345,400,000. If the duty were taken off of raw material, as we hoped and expected it would be, we could manufacture cigars here and sell them in this country or in parts of Europe cheaper than Cuban manufacturers could afford to do. I do not think the American tobacco farmer would be injured, but rather helped by such revision of the tariff, for there would still be a demand for all the tobacco this country could supply to be used as wrappers in the manufacture of cigars to meet the increased demand. We have shut down on our factories in order to find where we stand before resuming work. The demand will necessarily be light until the question is definitely settled.

The Maritime exchange urges the ratification of the proposed treaty with Spain.

Cigar Makers Protest.

NEW YORK, December 7.—The cigar makers of this vicinity at their usual Sunday meeting protested against the adoption of the Spanish treaty. A Mrs. Velasques said Senator Hill told her yesterday that he would speak against the treaty.

NEW YORK, December 8. The cigar manufacturing firm of Stratton & Storm announced to their two thousand employes Saturday night that the factory would discontinue work until the uncertainty about the new treaty with Spain in regard to the West Indian trade was removed. In an interview Stratton said: "The firm now keeps its stock of tobacco in Havana, for if we had a large stock here and the treaty should be ratified, we should be out the amount that the duty is reduced. At the first moment the text of the treaty is officially made public and acted upon by congress we shall open our factories. The effect of abolishing the duty on tobacco would be, I think, to make the United States the great center of the tobacco trade of the world. Manufacturers welcome the abolition of the tax, as it would cause a great increase in business. Tobacco growers, for obvious reasons, oppose it. I look for a bitter fight against it in congress. Cigar makers from all the principal factories in this city held a meeting yesterday to consider the pending treaty.

Compers presided. "If this treaty," said he, "is ratified by both countries it will cause a reduction of fifty per cent. in duty on non-manufactured tobacco from Cuba and Porto Rico. A moment's thought will show that this reduction would be a death blow to the tobacco trade of this country. Tobacco grows naturally and well in this country, yet it cannot compete with the fine grades of tobacco from the Spanish possessions. It is useless to argue that free-imported tobacco may be mixed with our American growth in the manufacture of fine grade cigars. Smokers of Havana cigars will not be imposed upon by any such deception. In other words, smokers of Havana cigars will not smoke any amalgamated production only half as good as the genuine Havana, when they can get the genuine at the same price as the amalgamated, and this condition of the trade, we claim, will be brought about if this treaty is ratified.

Other delegates here report that other large manufacturers are preparing to follow the example of Stratton & Storm. Their employees cannot complain of such action. Employers say in justification, and we know it to be true, that they cannot compete with Havana cigars imported almost free of duty. A reduction of 25 per cent. in the duty on Havana cigars might enable them to manufacture from Havana leaf a cigar or cigarette that would allow them to compete successfully with imported cigars; but 50 per cent. is rubbing in too deep, and hence their action in closing their shops. Twenty-five hundred of us are already laid off, and by the end of another week there is no telling how many more will be eating the bread or rather crust, of idleness. Importers are secretly at work while we are lying idle. The treaty is probably already in the hands of the senate. By its conditions the proposed reduction will take effect from the first of January next. The executive committee, which had been in session during the early part of the afternoon, reported in favor of issuing a circular explaining the effect of the operation of the treaty upon the tobacco interests of the country and calling upon the country at large to raise its voice in protest. This committee also recommended the appointment of a committee to visit manufacturers and obtain their co-operation in the movement. The recommendations were unanimously adopted.

Business Failures.

RACINE, Wis., December 8.—The J. J. Case Plow Co. has assigned. The nominal value of assets is $868,000; liabilities estimated at $750,000 to $800,000. It is hoped arrangements may be made hereafter for discharging the assignment and allowing the company to go on with the business. The failure does not affect any other institution with which Mr. Case's name is connected.

NEW YORK, December 8.—George Opdyke & Co., bankers and brokers, have suspended. It was one of the best known firms in the city. Mr. Opdyke said the necessity for suspension was a surprise to them. The assets, it is thought, will ultimately equal the liabilities. The suspension was caused by the failure of customers to put up fresh margins.

It is believed the assets will ultimately yield nearly, if not quite, enough to meet liabilities. The major portion of the liabilities is secured. About $200,000 are unsecured. The firm was founded sixteen years ago by ex-Mayor Geo. Opdyke, who died in 1880. The firm suffered a loss of $1,000,000 in the panic of 1873. The present firm was formed in 1881 with an invested capital of $25,000 and deposits of about $1,000,000. They state that their contracts on the stock exchange did not exceed 500 shares, and that neither individually nor as a firm have they speculated to the extent of one share. The firm was regarded a strong concern and maintained high credits.

A Mysterious Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, December 8. On the night of the 31st of last May the city clerk's office in East St. Louis was broken into, a hole punched through the wall of the brick vault and some three thousand dollars in money and ten thousand dollars in city scrip abstracted. Every effort was made to find the burglars, but without success. Recently a band of burglars have operated in this city and different parts of the state, and suspicion fell on their leader, Charles Clark, as being implicated in the East St. Louis robbery. Clark was arrested at Springfield, Missouri, Saturday last and brought here. He has confessed to having done the East St. Louis job. He also states that Lieutenant Thomas Duffy, of the East St. Louis police force, stood in with him and shared the money, and that individual has been arrested. He also stated that two or three city officials are implicated in the affair, and they will be arrested to-day. Clark asserts, however, that nobody but he and Duffy were concerned in the robbery, and that no city scrip was taken from the vault. The affair has created a good deal of commotion in East St. Louis, and steps are being taken to probe the matter to the bottom.

[illegible]—There have been no further arrests and it is now said none will be made. There is considerable talk, but no city official is directly implicated in the affair.

A Whiskey Sensation.

LOUISVILLE, December 8. T. J. Miller and G. W. Mustadon, proprietors of the Coon Hollow distillery, Nelson county, were arrested to day by a revenue officer charged with gaining access to the government warehouse in the absence of proper authorities and removing whiskey on which the tax was not paid. The Coon Hollow distillery burned about a month ago with a large quantity of whiskey. Before the burning revenue officer began an investigation of alleged crooked work, which resulted in the above arrest. Miller and Mustadon are both wealthy, and the arrest caused a sensation in Nelson county, and here where they were brought for trial. It is now thought the distillery was set on fire, and sensational developments are expected. The whiskey burned was valued at $40,000.

Cattle Freight Rates.

CHICAGO, December 8.—New freight rates to the seaboard from Chicago went into effect to-day. These are forty cents per one hundred pounds on cattle, seventy cents on dead meats; as against twenty cents and thirty-five cents respectively previously in force. Commission men at the stock yards here claim that the advance has been for live stock shippers and stock yards' interest east of Chicago, and is a blow at the dressed beef trade of the city. Should the rates remain in force it is claimed trade would naturally move to more southern cities.

FATAL FIRE DAMP.

Another Mining Horror Reported from Pennsylvania.

Several Unfortunate Coal Miners Fail to Escape.

First Arrest Made in the Brand-Leman Investigation.

Mining Disaster.

PHILADELPHIA, December 8.—A special to the Times from Shamokin says: A terrible explosion occurred in the Henry Clay shaft, two miles from Shamokin, this afternoon, while two hundred men and boys were at work in the mine. About four of those who escaped the fatal damp made their way out through the manways and reached the surface. They told the story of the fearful explosion in No. 8 west gangway of the new slope. It shook the mine from end to end. Of those who still remained in the mine and who worked in the vicinity of the explosion were Richard Nickett, John Fox, Peter Kolman, Henry Koble Koel Duseman, Thomas C. Williams and a Polish miner, name unknown. Coal and iron experts promptly made an examination of the mine and found it blocked up with gas, which decided the fate of those inside. About 5 o'clock a rescuing party entered the mine and near the bottom of the shaft found the body of Henry Koble. It was horribly burned and disfigured, almost beyond recognition. Indications at a late hour are that the entombed men can't be reached to-night, though no effort to rescue will be spared. There is some uneasiness that fire may break out. Preparations have been made to subdue the fire should it occur.

Henry Clay slope is owned and operated by J. Lawdon & Co., of Elmira, New York, and has a shipping capacity of over 100 cars daily, and gives employment to between 300 and 400 men and boys, who will now be forced into idleness for some time. The explosion is described as the severest ever experienced in Northumberland county.

The First Arrest.

CHICAGO, December 8. Jno. C. Mackin, secretary of the Cook county democratic central committee, was arrested this morning on complaint of A. M. Day, secretary of the citizens' committee which has undertaken to unearth the frauds in the 6th legislative district, the Leman-Brand case. The complaint charges Mackin with aiding some unknown person or persons about November 21st in substituting over 200 fraudulent ballots for a like number. General Mackin was held in $10,000 bail for preliminary examination next Saturday. M. C. McDonald and E. J. Lehman became his bondsmen. This is the first arrest in this cause celebre.

Denver Notes.

DENVER, December 8. The attorney for the Colorado Cattle Growers' association is preparing a bill to quarantine the state against the passage of cattle through the state whenever there is danger of communicating contagious diseases to our herds.

Charles W. Peterson, who shot and killed Michael Kinesavy in front of the residence Mr. Birks Cornforth on Holliday street, early Sunday morning, October 5, last, was put on trial this morning in the district court. The interest manifested in the case is very slight, the general opinion being that the shooting was accidental.

The damage done by the fire last night at Halleck's lumber yard is not so much as was at first reported. After going all over the yard Mr. Halleck places his loss at not more than $8,000, on which there is $7,600 insurance, as follows: Sun Fire Insurance company of England, $2,500; Orient, of Hartford, $2,500; Hanover and Citizens Insurance company of New York, $2,500.

Burglars Foiled.

DENVER, December 8.—A Santa Fe special to the Tribune-Republican says: A daring attempt was made to burglarize the office of the territorial auditor last night. Papers and books were taken from the desks and scattered on the floor, but all valuable documents, warrants and many thousands in cash were securely locked in a fire and burglar proof safe, which foiled the designs of the burglars. There is no clue to the perpetrators, but it is known that a number of suspicious characters recently driven from Denver are now in the territory, some of whom, knowing that Auditor Alarid was absent in St. Louis, took this occasion to attempt a big haul.

New York Brokers Approve.

NEW YORK, December 8.—The chamber of commerce on banking and currency to-day approved the Buckner bill, and wrote Chairman Buckner suggesting that his bill be made an amendment to the trade dollar bill which has passed the house and is now in the hands of the senate.

Woman's Suffrage in Canada.

NEW YORK, December 8. A delegation of the woman's suffrage party called upon Sir Jno. A. McDonald, prime minister of Canada, this morning, and thanking him for incorporating woman's suffrage in the pending Canadian franchise bill, tendered him a public reception.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

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Per annum	$2.00	Six Months	$1 00
Three Months	50	One Month	25

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application at the office

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the Business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

The state press seems to agree on one thing and that is that our silver interests require the return of Senator Hill No wild appeals will have any effect on the discussion that is to come. A well equipped storehouse of facts and scientific logic is needed Senator Hill is the only representative we have had in congress that has shown these two qualifications.

The full text of Representative Buckner's bill is printed in our telegraphic columns and will be read with interest Coming as this does from one of the leading champions of silver in the house, it is significant. It shows that the friends of silver have all they can do to retain the present status of silver without attempting to secure its free and unlimited coinage.

The snow kept the dust from flying on Sunday and Monday, and may be said to have done some good. There has been considerable complaint about the dust this fall, and it has been our only drawback as a health resort. We suppose that the watering of all the streets in the city would be too expensive But if possible one street running north and south could be watered and the driving could be done in that street. This would certainly be a vast improvement on the present situation.

President-elect Cleveland says "I intend "to surround myself with the best and broadest minds in the party, and then bend all my "energies toward making an administration "that shall at least assure every element that "a transfer of executive control from one "party to another does not mean any serious "disturbance of existing conditions." It is talk like this that will give confidence to the business interests. During the campaign an effort was made to frighten the business interests into supporting Mr Blaine This was done with some success and the impression was created in some circles that the stability of the business interests of the country demanded Mr Blaine's election Republican papers are now ashamed of this and seem to expect no material change in affairs with the change of parties. This is wise. The effort to achieve partisan success is the excuse for a good deal of misrepresentation, but after election there is no excuse for it, if ever there was any. It is wrong to refuse to admit the truth that the business interests are in no danger. Next year will be the most prosperous of any we have had since 1881.

The Man of the Hour

The Solid Muldoon

Mr. Arthur's message—or at least that portion of it regarding the silver dollar—is an unanswerable argument in favor of the return of Senator Hill Ex Governor Routt, if elected, would, unquestionably, exert every effort to stay legislation that would visit ruin and desolation upon our commonwealth, but even his warmest supporters must admit that N. P. Hill is the ablest champion of the silver dollar that has ever been honored with a seat in the United States senate.

The Colorado Catholic.

The men who come to the silver convention, if it ever meets, should take care that they make their influence felt in the naming of the next senator He should be a man of strong character—well posted on the question of silver money and so interested—substantially interested, that he will be a powerful advocate for the welfare of our state The demonetization of silver would be, if not a death blow, at least a cause of stagnation, in many branches of our most important business We believe that Senator Hill is the only man named in connection with the senatorship who has the necessary qualifications" Unfortunately, the silver convention will not be held until after the senatorial election has been held, but the article here quoted loses none of its force. It shows the necessity of Senator Hill's re-election, and that could not be emphasized by the convention

PERSONAL

President Grevy is said to be the most expert amateur billiard player in Paris.

President Arthur is said to be arranging his affairs for a trip to Europe next spring.

Ex-Senator Conkling's law practice is said to be worth $1500 a week.

The Rev. James Freeman Clarke denies the report that he is to retire from the ministry.

Pierre Lorillard's earnings from his Rancocas-races during the season amounted to $4,000

Walking Bear, the distinguished Sauk Indian chief buried at Cleveland, Ohio, is to have a monument erected by the people of that city at a cost of $300

Mrs. Robert Downing, the wife of the actor, is a relative of Aaron Burr, and greatly resembles the engravings of his beautiful but ill fated daughter, Theodosia Burr Allston.

Ismail, the ex-khedive, is not a pauper. Between 1874 and 1879, when he abdicated, more than $100,000,000 was paid to his account at various European banks, principally in Holland and Belgium

James Gordon Bennett says that when the Mackay Bennett cable gets in thorough working order, not only all the foreign news but all the leading editorials of the New York Herald will be cabled from London.

That Inland Sea

From the Toronto Globe

Lake Mistassini was known 200 years ago Father Albanel, in the "Relations des Jesuites," tells how, while journeying to the far north, he entered Lake Mistassini on the 18th day of June, 1672 His description of it is quite as interesting as Mr Bignell's The lake, according to the good missionary, is called Mistassini by the Indians, because of the large rocks with which it is studded. It is full of every kind of fish, elk, bears, caribou, beavers, and porcupines abound on its shores, and it takes twenty days in fine weather to sail round it Father Albanel has sailed six leagues through the islands with which the lake is covered when he saw rising up on the distant horizon a gigantic cliff or eminence, and on asking the Indians of his company if they were making for it, was entreated to hold his tongue "Pray be silent," said one of the guides, "and do not as you value your life look at that rock," the savages, adds the missionary, having a superstition that this mountain had the power to raise storms, and that to placate it travelers must not exhibit any curiosity regarding it. In 1837 Jerome St Onge, a voyageur who had spent years in this region, visited Lake Mistassini, and according to M Arthur Bules' excellent work on the Saguenay, described it as three days' sail across in its narrowest part, going from island to island, adding, however, that in its whole area the lake was said to rank next to Lake Superior St Onge goes on to tell that the Rupert river, which flows from Mistassini into Hudson's bay, is larger than the Saguenay river, and that altogether there is more water than land in this part of the country The soil is worthless, or rather there is none, the surface of the earth being strewn with gigantic bowlders of gneiss, and broken by huge precipices and swamps, with nothing in the shape of timber but here and there a tamarac, while caribou wander in herds through the lone land, feeding on the moss which grows on the rocks In olden times the Indians, the Mistassins, who dwelt on the shores of the lake, which, by the way, was known also as Lac des Baies, used to descend the Mistassini river to Pointe Bleue, the uppermost post in the north, to which missionaries, as well as traders, repaired At the present time the Indian population on Lake Mistassini does not number more than fifty souls, and the Hudson's bay post on the lake, which was an important one in the time of the early missionaries, is now a ramshackle edifice, doing a meager business Bules says the distance from Lake St. John to Lake Mistassini is from 450 to 500 miles, and that there are forty one portages, sixty rapids, and thirty-seven lakes on the way up the Mistassini river, which connects the two lakes The whole country has been visited time and again, among others by Michaux, the French naturalist, who at the end of the last century traversed the region lying between Quebec and Hudson's bay. Michaux says Lake Mistassini is a vast inland sea, composed of a succession of broad sheets of water and islands, and that it covers two degrees between 71 degrees and 74 degrees longitude, and in latitude 51 degrees, and that it discharges itself into Hudson's bay by the Rupert river. He speaks also of a vast cave of limestone formation near the lake, which the Indians call the Marsor du Grand Goule, and of the enormous isolated cliff that looks over the lake, adding Father Albanel's legend concerning it. "The whole of this region," says Michaux, is cut up by thousands of lakes, covered with gigantic masses of rock piled one on top of the other, and covered with black lichens, which make the desolation still more somber and gloomy."

Mr. Bignell's discovery, then, is nothing more than a report upon a region already as well known to the world as it is ever likely to be. The statement that the Hudson Bay company has sought to keep the existence of the lake a secret is apparently thrown in to heighten the mystery of his visit to a wilderness of water and glacial moraine, where missionaries, traders, and voyageurs have been wandering these two centuries. In fact Mr Bignell's story, in so far as it professes to describe discoveries, is either a hoax or something worse Those members of the British association for the advancement of science who are discussing the exploit in the English papers, had better turn their attention to Mr Pickwick's discovery at Cobham.

What a Cow!

Boston Post

The following is vouched for by a brother editor and notwithstanding his general reputation for veracity is, without doubt, true An elderly and well known gentleman of Boston, who, while he likes to sit at the convivial board, will not touch anything spirituous, devoting all his attention to the lacteal fluid, was invited out a few nights ago by a party of choice spirits A huge milk punch had, however, been prepared for him, and when he was asked what beverage he would prefer his reply was as usual "Well, I guess I'll take a little milk" The punch was brought and all eyes were turned toward him to note the effect. Raising the glass he took a sip and then another, at the third, however, he drained the tumbler, smacked his lips and looking lovingly at the empty glass, observed "Great Cæsar! what a cow!"

'Illegal People'

Cornhill Magazine.

When a nihilist, after a rather long absence, suddenly reaches some city without previously conferring with those who have been there recently, his position is a very singular one Although he may know he is in the midst of friends and old companions in arms, he is absolutely incapable of finding any of them Being 'illegal' people, or outlaws, they live with false passports, and are frequently compelled to change their names and their places of abode To inquire for them under their old names is not to be thought of, for these continuous changes are not made for mere amusement, but from the necessity, constantly recurring, of escaping from some imminent danger, more or less grave To go to the old residence of a nihilist and ask for him under his old name would be voluntarily putting one's head into the lion's mouth Under such circumstances a nihilist is put to no end of trouble, and has to wander hither and thither in order to find his friends He applies to old acquaintances among people who are "legal" and peaceful—that is to say, officials, business men, barristers, doctors, etc, who form an intermediate class, unconsciously connecting the most active nihilists with those who take the least interest in public affairs. In this class there are people of all ranks. Some secretly aid the nihilists more or less energetically Others receive them into their houses, simply as friends, without having any "serious" business with them. Others, again, see them only casually, but know from whom more or less accurate information is to be obtained, and so on. All these people, being unconnected with the movement, or almost so, run little risk of being arrested, and living as they do "legally"—that is to say, under their own names—they are easy to be found, and supply the Ariadne's thread which enables any one to penetrate into the nihilist labyrinth who has not had time, or who has been unable to obtain the addresses of the affiliated.

Wage Workers' Troubles.

PITTSBURG, Pa, December 7—The prescription glass-blowers of the United States met here to-night to consider the proposed reduction of wages of twenty five per cent which was ordered by the manufacturers A resolution was adopted in favor of resisting the twenty-five per cent reduction to the bitter end. The reduction so far has been enforced only in this city, and about 700 men are on a strike It is probable, however, that the action which was taken to-night will result in a general strike of all the prescription workers in the country, in which case 8,000 men will be affected.

CHICAGO, December 7—The trades assembly of this city this afternoon passed resolutions of condemnation against the Hocking Valley coal syndicate for their reduction in miners' wages and sympathy with the miners, counselling them to resist the reduction and promising them aid

PITTSBURG, Pa, December 7.—Work will be resumed at Shoenberger's iron mill to-morrow, the employes having refused to accept the reduction that was ordered. The mill closed down indefinitely last night.

Long & Co, whose mill has been idle for three weeks on account of slack orders, have notified their employes that steady work will be given them all winter at a 10 per cent. reduction As the cut includes the amalgamated association, as well as the others, it is probable that the offer will not be accepted

SUNDAY HAPPENINGS.

The Home Rubber works at Trenton, New Jersey, burned Loss, $70,000, insurance, $50,000

John Kelly, a convict at Joliet, stabbed his cell mate, William Gaines. Gaines will die No cause is assigned.

Five persons were arrested at Little Rock, Arkansas, on the charge of robbing the train near that city on Saturday night.

William Allen, the leading witness in the murder trial of George Pickett, at Galena, Kansas, was killed by Pickett's brother

Fred Webber of St. Paul and Patsy Mealen of Minneapolis fought five rounds midway between the two cities, and Webber was whipped.

A terrible norther is reported from the Pacific coast Several vessels broke from their moorings in San Francisco harbor and were washed ashore.

John Clancy was severely stabbed at Escalanta station on the Denver & Rio Grande road by Tom Sullivan, who surrendered himself and was locked up in Delta

August Springer and a party of friends were refused admittance to Charles Ming's house at New Philadelphia, Ohio, and when they broke the door down, Ming shot Springer, killing him instantly.

A fire in the lumber yard of E. F. Hallack & Co, Denver, did damage to the extent of over $15,000. The fire was of incendiary origin.



In cases of dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, fever and ague, liver complaint, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder, constipation and other organic maladies, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a tried remedy to which the medical brotherhood have lent their professional sanction, and which as a tonic, alterative and household specific for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels has an unbounded popularity

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Young Men Read This.

The VOLTAIC BELT CO, of Marshall, Mich, offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

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Surplus Fund - 15,000

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In search of a new home, where he can secure better returns for his labor, should remember that the Wabash is the most direct route to Arkansas, Texas Kansas, Nebraska, and all points South, West and Northwest, and that round trip land-explorers' tickets at very low rates are always on sale at the ticket offices Descriptive advertising matter of Arkansas and Texas sent free to all applicants by addressing the General Passenger Agent

THE INVALID

Will find the Wabash the most convenient route to all the noted health resorts of Illinois, Missouri Arkansas and Texas, and that the extensive through car system and superior accommodations of this popular line will add greatly to his comfort while en route Pamphlet descriptive of the many celebrated mineral springs of the West and South sent free on application

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General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

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STEVENS & HOUSE.
1-14m

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Martha Rowley, by her certain deed of trust, dated on the 18th day of November, A. D, 1882, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado in book 61, on page 75, of the records thereof, on the 18th day of November A D, 1882, to secure the payment of one certain promissory note made by Martha Rowley and H. A Rowley bearing even date with said deed of trust for the principal sum of fifteen hundred (1 500) dollars payable to the order of Frederick S. Moseley two years after the date thereof with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent per annum did convey to Henry Le B. Wills of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado as trustee, all the hereinafter described premises, by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said note or any part thereof or the interest thereon, it may be lawful for the said Henry Le B. Wills to advertise and sell the said premises as therein provided And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and a portion of the interest thereon according to its tenor and effect, and the same being due and unpaid, now, therefore, I Henry Le B Wills, trustee, as aforesaid, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, do hereby give public notice that I shall on Friday, December 26th, A. D, 1884, at the hour of ten o clock a m, at the front door of the court house, in the county of El Paso in the state of Colorado sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described to-wit Lot numbered thirty (30) in block numbered seventy-one (71) of the city of Colorado Springs (in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado), according to the recorded plat thereof, together with the buildings and other improvements thereon, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Martha Rowley, her heirs or assigns therein

HENRY LE B. WILLS, Trustee
Colorado Springs, Colo, Nov. 25th, A D, 1884
1 27 td

1885.

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ILLUSTRATED.

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Modern house of 6 rooms N Tejon st	$20 00
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House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	13 00
House of 5 rooms, Cascade ave	11 00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	10.00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	11 00
House of 4 rooms, St. Vrain st	12 50
House of 4 rooms, N Nevada ave	9 00
House of 5 rooms, Nevada ave	12 00
House of 3 rooms, Nevada ave	4 00
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528 Tejon 4 rooms	8
1128 N Wasatch 3 rooms	4
720 S Weber 4 rooms, stable	5
518 N Nevada 5 rooms	9
Maxwell house Cucharas	special terms
830 N Nevada 8 rooms	16
820 N Cascade, 8 rooms	45
421 S Weber, 9 rooms	5
917 N Nevada, 8 rooms or part of them	—
111 Kiowa 8 rooms	18
16 St. Vrain, 6 rooms	25
25 Wahsatch 7 rooms	15
House on Willamette	7
19 Cucharas, 4 rooms	10
117 S Weber 6 rooms stable	18
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107 Pike's Peak, 2 office rooms second floor	
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A hundred foot corner on North Weber, with good house of six rooms [illegible]

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ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House.
a-8-tf

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m-6-tf

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All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address Any other matter in them will be charged for at current rates

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DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1884

DEGRADING SILVER

The Important Stand Taken by a St Louis Paper

The St Louis Republican which probably wields more influence in Missouri and the southern states than any other paper, says

The silver coinage act again comes in for its annual condemnation in the department reports and, as an illustration of what is called its mischievous working, the treasurer refers to the temporary withdrawal of gold from the treasury that attracted attention and excited some uneasiness last summer, when the gold reserve ran down from $155,000,000 to $115,000,000 while the silver increased from $27,000,000 to $48,000,000 The theory is that silver, being the cheaper metal at the present valuation, drove the gold from the country, and that it will always have this effect when the balance of trade is against us

But the treasurer furnishes without intending to another explanation of the phenomenon By a rule approved by Secretary Sherman several years ago the government pays the balance against it in the New York clearing house in gold and nothing else, in other words the government pays all its debts to the New York banks in only one of the two metal coins which are legal tender for all debts—and that the most valuable one By this absurd and unauthorized rule the government, after formally enacting that silver shall be a legal tender for all debts equally with gold, deliberately degrades its own coin by allowing its creditors in New York to refuse it and demand gold And yet after thus discrediting the government's silver coin, Secretary Sherman and the other department officials complained that silver dollars would not circulate

The Sherman rule was made to favor the New York banks These institutions were opposed to the remonetization of silver and when in spite of their opposition congress enacted the silver law in 1878, they wanted deliberately to work to defeat it by refusing to receive silver on deposit and to accept it for debts due them It was a daring attempt to nullify a law of the land and what is most strange the secretary of the treasury gave the scheme his approval and cooperation by making the practice of the New York banks his rule of action

The silver law still stands however, and the coinage of silver still goes on under it, and the treasurer in his report says that the time must come when the treasury, to stop the drain of gold will be forced to set aside the Sherman rule and use silver and silver certificates as well as gold and gold certificates in payment of its debts to the New York banks

The Markets

NEW YORK, December 7 —Money 1 to 1½; prime paper 4½ to 6, sterling exchange firm, 4 81½, demand 4 85½ governments weaker, railways lower, state securities dull The stock market to-day was weak and depressed During the morning hours there was a break of 3 per cent in Delaware & Hudson, 2 in Omaha and 1½ in preferred, decline in other active shares ½ to 1½ After midday there was a rally of ½ to 1 per cent the latter in Delaware & Hudson, which returned to 81⅞ In the afternoon pressure to sell was renewed and business was more active Just before the close the failure of George Opdyke & Co was announced and the lowest prices of the day were recorded It is understood the firm had no contracts on the board The market closed weak at the lowest prices of the day Speculation was adversely affected by reports of trouble in the coal combination and on rumors of the issue of $10,000,000 five per cent bonds by the Lake Shore to retire bonds falling due in 85 and 80 Compared with Saturday closing prices are ⅜ to ⅝ per cent lower Transactions 254 000 shares

The mining market ruled quiet during the morning, aggregate transactions being only 2 600 shares Sales included Moulton at 1 05, Bodie 3 45 Bulwer at 40 Chrysolite 85, Navajo 2 90 Plymouth 1 55 and Horn Silver 4 62 and 4 60 The production of Horn Silver from January 1st to November 15th is reported $2 239 000, while for the same period the output of the Ontario mine was $1 447 500

3s	101⅝	4s	123⅛
Adams Express	[illegible]	American Express	[illegible]
C B & Q	118¾	Erie	14⅜
D & R G	8	Preferred	27
Central Pacific	34	N Y C	85⅞
Missouri Pacific	92½	Union Pacific	49⅞
Northwestern	85¾	Wells Fargo	116
Preferred	[illegible]	Ontario	18
Texas Pacific	12⅜	Iron Silver	[illegible]
U S Express	51	Quicksilver	4½
W U Telegraph	61	Preferred	31
Northern Pacific	17¾	Homestake	9¼
Preferred	41⅝	Sutro	12

Pennsylvania Depression

PITTSBURG, December 8 —The railroad coal trade tribunal met to day and after a short session it was unanimously decided to continue the present rate of mining three cents per bushel, at all mines in this district until further notice

President Isaac Cline of the International Window Glass Workers' association to day received intelligence that organization has been completed in England The association now embraces all skilled window glass workers of the world

The Shoenberger & Co mills have closed down on account of slack orders The firm last week ordered a ten per cent reduction of wages of employes

Arkansas Train Robbery

LITTLE ROCK, December 8 —The robbery of the train on the Little Rock, Mississippi River & Texas railroad Saturday night has continued to be the all absorbing topic of conversation The names of the captured parties reported yesterday, with the exception of Campbell were those of the robbers Cook the leader to day made full confession, and says his associates were Clifford Kline and Adolphus Parker, a boy of 16 Ten watches and about $500 of the stolen money have been recovered There were only four of the robbers All have been captured except Frank Kline. He was formerly a citizen of Memphis and employed in the shops of the Vance street railway line.

A Railroad Move

NEW YORK, December 8 —Under the lead of the New York Central Railroad Co, the railroad companies began the issue of continuous trip tickets only to the west. This is a blow aimed at the ticket brokers, as it prevents the 'scalping' process by not allowing passengers to stop over and obtain rebate In another way it is thought to indicate possibility of an agreement between the different railroads ultimately leading to restoration of rates to a paying basis Tickets to Buffalo cannot be purchased now for less than $4 40 anywhere

The French Campaign

HONG KONG, December 8 —Reports reach here that a fresh encounter occurred in Tonquin between China and French The Chinese were defeated and forced to retreat. Chinese military authorities are preparing to throw a large force across the frontier into Tonquin The French blockade of the island of Formosa is only nominal The French fleet is anchored at Keelung, while trade with other ports goes on as usual.

Circumventing the Laws

WASHINGTON, December 8 —The supervising special agent of the treasury in annual report says no permanent suppression of the practice of undervaluation of merchandise subject to ad valorem duties can be expected until the act of June 22, 1874, under the protection of which this system of fraud has grown up shall be repealed It is no exaggeration to state that invoices of merchandise consigned to agents in the United States for sale as distinguished from those of goods actually purchased by American importers do not represent over two thirds of the actual foreign market value of the goods therein described An illegal reduction of tariff on these goods is thus effected by fraudulent foreign manufacturers and their agents However competent and faithful appraisers may be in fixing values according to their expert knowledge their action is always subject to review and reversal by the appraising board which usually decides according to evidence submitted, and as certain kinds of goods are exclusively imported under the consignment system agents of manufacturers stand by each other upon reappraisements, and by means of testimony thus obtained in many instances the goods escape advances and penalties originally imposed by the action of appraisers Had the law above referred to been for the express purpose of enabling foreign manufacturers to circumvent the tariff laws, it could not have better accomplished that object

Gordon's Trick

LONDON, December 8 —It is reported the mahdi accepting Gordon's challenge to cross the Nile and prove himself a true prophet tried to make his followers walk across the river, the experiment resulting in the loss of 3,000 men Other reports say the mahdi remains at Margat not attempting to intercept Gordon's convoy to Shendy His inactivity is weakening native belief in the sacredness of his mission

Court Jurisdiction

PORTLAND, Oregon, December 8 —In the case of Barnhart and Anderson, tried and acquitted of killing some time ago an Indian on the Umatilla reservation, Judge Deady to day in the United States circuit court rendered an important decision to the effect that state courts had no jurisdiction over criminal acts committed within the boundaries of the Indian reservation The men were held for murder

Disasters at Sea

LONDON, December 8 —A steamer, supposed to be the Alliance of Cardiff, foundered off Roseca stle and all hands were lost Roseca stle is a small seaport of the county of Cornwall, England The steamer Pochard, from Cork to Liverpool, foundered in a gale off Holyhead All on board, thirty in number, are believed to have drowned

A Pearl of Great Price

SAN FRANCISCO, December 8 —A Guaymas, Mexico, special says A pearl weighing 93 carats, valued at $17 000, was shipped to London yesterday It is believed to be the largest in existence It was purchased from an Indian for $90, who found it at Mulleje, Lower California

Elevator Collapse

CHICAGO, December 8 —The large grain elevator of Armour, Dole & Co, Sixteenth street, partially collapsed this morning, permitting fifty thousand bushels of wheat to escape, but which was rapidly secured and stored in an adjoining warehouse The total loss will not exceed $10,000

Mistaken for a Burglar.

BINGHAMTON, N Y, December 8 —E F. Brook, chief of police of Waverly, N Y, was probably fatally shot by a policeman who mistook the chief for a burglar The officer and chief were in a store looking for burglars

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Indications for Colorado—Fair weather

The Derry trial will probably be concluded to-day.

The blaze in Wise county, Va, is reported to be abating

The American electrical exhibition opened yesterday at Boston

Morin, shot by Madame Clovis Hughes, at Paris, died yesterday

Another car load of Colorado exhibits to the world's fair is ready to leave

The French senate passed the senatorial reform bill as drafted by the committee

Another temperance revival has been inaugurated in Pittsburg by Francis Murphy

It is rumored that two of the participants in the Chicago election frauds have made a confession

At Glasgow, Kentucky Hugh Miller was stabbed and killed by Joe Roe for hurrahing Cleveland and Hendricks

Barbed wire makers held a meeting at St. Louis yesterday and advanced the price of wire to 3½ cents per pound

All cotton factories in the vicinity of Augusta, Me, have advanced the price of goods a quarter of a cent per yard

John Callahan, who fell down the Stone mine shaft at Leadville on the morning of November 21, died yesterday

The wife of Ephraim Arch, a wealthy Long Island farmer, ran away on Sunday with a negro, leaving three children behind her.

Fire last night damaged the buildings machinery and stock of the Cincinnati Dessicating Co. about $30,000, insurance $7,000

On account of shortage of funds the directors of the American Baptist missionary society made appointments for only six months instead of one year as usual.

Arbitrator Tucker of the Transcontinental association yesterday announced his award of percentages - The D. & R G. has four per cent of passenger receipts and 3 on freight.

The California sugar refinery, of which Spreckels is president, announced yesterday a reduction of one cent per pound. Present prices are the lowest ever quoted in the San Francisco market

It is stated that J H Hiland, general freight agent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road, has accepted the position of referee and arbitrator of the new Missouri river passenger pool

JOHN SCHNEIDER

Has secured the services of

MR. T. A HAY,

Who is well known in this community as a First Class Workman in all branches of

Blacksmithing & Horseshoeing

And invites Mr HAY'S old patrons and the public generally to send him their work, guaranteeing the cheapest and best work in Colorado Springs

Shop, West Huerfano St.

(David Moore's Old Stand.) 1-10-tf

WANTED

WANTED—A good cook Apply Mrs. John Cuff, 416 Tejon st m 6 1

WANTED Situation as nurse for invalid or young child Address lock box 1684 city 1 5 tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Old papers, for wrapping purposes Special rates on large lots Apply at this office tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Pleasant rooms with or without board, 121 Vermijo ave, opposite South Park m 7 5t

FOR RENT—I have rooms in suite or single in Union block that will rent cheap to permanent tenants C H White. 1 19 tf

Some large French Photographs suitable for framing or coloring just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S. m 2 6m

1885

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED

With the new volume beginning December, Harper's Magazine will conclude its thirty fifth year The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume a new magazine not simply in presenting fresh subjects and new pictures but also and chiefly, in the steadily advancing in the method itself of magazine making In a word the Magazine becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are New serial novels by Constance Fenimore Woolson and W D Howells a new novel entitled "At the Red Glove," descriptive illustrated papers by F D Millet R Swain Gifford E A Abbey H Gibson and others, Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer" illustrated by Abbey Important papers on Art, Science, etc

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year	
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	3 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY. One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada

The volumes of the Magazine begin with the numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current number

The last eleven Semi annual volumes of Harper's Magazine, in neat cloth binding will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of $3 per volume Cloth cases, for binding 50 cents by mail postpaid.

Index to Harper's Magazine alphabetical analytical, and classified for volumes 1 to 60 inclusive from June 1850 to June 1880 one vol, cloth, $4

Remittance should be made by post-office money order or draft to avoid chance of loss

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THE ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE Containing 792 printed pages and 428 wood cut illustrations, handsomely bound in cloth, colored edges

A thoroughly pretty volume is the first of the "English Illustrated Magazine."—[Nation.

One of the handsomest periodicals of the day. —[New York Tribune

Judged by the highest standard the "English Illustrated Magazine" is a genuine work of art, which may be welcomed and endorsed as a real educator to all the homes into which it goes.—[Christian Union

SKEAT'S ETYMOLOGICAL DICTIONARY Supplement to the first edition. 4to, paper, 60 cents.

A RECORD OF EMILY WATSON Arranged and edited by Anna Buckland. With portrait. $1 50

It is a book for all thoughtful and cultivated women.—[Christian Thought

A rare life is set forth in this book —[New York Observer.

In one point, her religious history she was indeed a remarkable woman —[Churchman

A charming picture of a noble-minded woman —[Athenaeum.

A FAMILY AFFAIR. The new story by Hugh Conway, author of "Called Back," is begun in the October number of the "English Illustrated Magazine." Price, 15 cents, annual subscription, including the Double Christmas Number, $1.75

This magazine with its careful editing, its refined spirit, and its delightful freshness, grows constantly more attractive —New York Tribune.

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THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE

FOR 1885.

A PAPER DEVOTED TO AMERICAN INTERESTS.

LARGEST REPUBLICAN CIRCULATION IN AMERICA

The Tribune begins the new year with prospects unparalleled in its history. Its circulation for the week ending November 8 1884 was as follows

Monday November 3	[illegible]
Tuesday November 4	101 500
Wednesday November 5	188 600
Thursday November 6	167,100
Friday, November 7	160,600
Saturday November 8	172 000
Sunday, November 9	[illegible]
Weekly, November 5, exclusive of all short term campaign subscriptions	145 910
Semi weekly	8,800

Total number of Tribunes printed and sold during week ending November 8, exclusive of campaign subscriptions 1,202,110

Ninety four tons of paper were used in printing the week's issues This was of course an election week "spurt," which "broke the record" in New York Setting back into the steady gait the Tribune's record stood on the following week

Average daily circulation of the Daily Tribune, for the week ending Nov 15 1884	121,400
Weekly Tribune, Nov 12 1884	142 670
Semi Weekly	56 600

During 1885 the Tribune will strive more zealously and hopefully than ever for its political faith The return to power of the party that brought on the rebellion must make the coming year one of the most interesting in our history The more the people know of how democrats deal with their government the surer is republican success the next time and the Tribune aspires in its field to help spread such knowledge broadcast

The Tribune gives the news fully fairly and ... It is a safe and attractive paper for the family circle and is the ... the American worker a great paying market for American grain and meat the extension of our trade and the general protection of American interests It favors ... practical effort ... temperance, ... and progress Its Weekly and Semi Weekly editions contain ... valuable Agricultural House ... Literary and Juvenile departments with serial stories abundant correspondence ... Every member of the family old or young, finds in it instruction and entertainment

Every postmaster and club agent is invited to raise yearly clubs at once for the Tribune The following premiums are offered in connection with subscriptions

Unabridged Dictionary, Both Webster's and Worcester's

Wood's Household Practice of Medicine, 2 vols, illustrated 810 and [illegible] pages

The Library of Useful Knowledge 15 vols, nearly 900 pages each embracing Chambers Encyclopedia, complete, with American additions.

The Waterbury watch, a popular and successful premium

Ridpath's Illustrated History of the United States

Specimen copies show bills and circulars, with details of valuable premiums, will be sent free, upon application, or can be had from your postmaster

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS

WEEKLY $1 25 a year, in clubs of ten $1 a year with extra copy to man sending club

SEMI WEEKLY, $2 50 a year in clubs of ten, $2 a year, with extra copy to man sending club

DAILY, with Sunday, $8 50, without Sunday, $7 per year

SUNDAY TRIBUNE $1 50 per year Sunday's Tribune Monday's Wednesday's or Saturday's, can be subscribed for separately

Counting postage the Tribune costs about two cents a copy, all editions

Address, simply, THE TRIBUNE, New York

W. H. T. Merrill,

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STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

114 Pike's Peak avenue

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO h 17-ty

ST. NICHOLAS

FOR

YOUNG FOLKS.

ATTRACTIONS FOR 1884-5

No printed periodical can take the place of parent pastor or school teacher but a good magazine can supplement their work and influence to a wonderful degree In view of this, it is not extravagant to say—instead of "Can we afford to take ST NICHOLAS?" —the question of every earnest household in English speaking countries to-day should be "Can we afford not to take ST. NICHOLAS?"

The magazine, during its eleven happy years of existence, under the editorial charge of

Mary Mapes Dodge,

has grown familiar to hundreds of thousands of young readers, and their interest and intelligent enjoyment have constantly inspired the editor and publishers to fresh effort To-day its strength is in its wholesome growth, its sympathy with young life, its hearty recognition of the movement of events, and its steadily increasing literary and pictorial resources. The following are some of the good things already secured for future numbers of ST NICHOLAS.

"His One Fault," a serial story for boys, by the popular author, J. T. Trowbridge

"Personally Conducted," illustrated papers on famous places in Europe. By Frank R. Stockton

"Historic Girls," a companion series to "Historic Boys" By E. S Brooks

"Ready for Business" suggestions to boys about to choose an occupation—based on personal interviews with prominent representatives of various trades and professions. By G J Manson

"Driven Back to Eden," a serial, By E P Roe.

"Talks for Young Folks," a series of popular papers, by H H (Helen Jackson)

"Among the Law-makers," recollections of a boy page in the United States senate —containing much political information, both instructive and amusing By Edmund Alton.

"Davy and the Goblin," a very funny serial story by a new writer, Charles Carryl

Short stories by Louisa M. Alcott.

"The Progress of Invention" "From Palanquin to Parlor-car," "From Cross bow to 100-ton Gun," etc. Descriptive papers, by Charles E. Bolton.

"Art Work for Young Folks," papers on decorative handicraft, by Charles G. Leland

"Sheep or Silver?" a story of Texan life, By the late Rev. Wm. M Baker

"A Garden of Girls," being six short stories for girls by six leading writers.

"Tales of Two Continents," stories of adventure, by H. H Boyesen.

"Cartoons for Boys and Girls," funny pictures by St. Nicholas artists

"From Bach to Wagner," brief, pointed biographies of great musicians, by Agatha Tunis.

Special papers by chosen writers, including Mary Hallock Foote, Joaquin Miller, Alice Wellington Rollins, G. B. Bartlett, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Rev. Washington Gladden Julia Schayer, Anna Lea Merritt, W O Stoddard, D Ker, Ernest Ingersoll, Clara E Clement, Lieut Schwatka

The illustrations will be the work of the very best artists and engravers—and there will be plenty of them In the November and December numbers are beautiful colored frontispieces.

It costs only 25 cents and all book and news dealers sell it The subscription price is $3.00 a year, and now is just the time to subscribe.

A free specimen copy of ST. NICHOLAS will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

The Century Co.

Publishers, New York, N. Y

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The Gazette

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1885.

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AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The serial and short stories in HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE have all the dramatic interest that juvenile fiction can possess, while they are wholly free from what is pernicious or vulgarly sensational. The humorous stories and pictures are full of innocent fun, and the papers on natural history and science, travel, and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature—Boston Courier

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits —Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information, and interest.—Christian Advocate, N Y.

TERMS Postage Prepaid, $2 00 Per Year

Vol. VI commences Nov. 4, 1884

Single numbers, five cents each

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Instruction in Assaying,

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Will Open

December 1st, 1884.

For particulars apply to Wm. Strieby, professor in charge, or to the secretary, F. O. Wood, Colorado Springs, November, 1884. w1-15-3

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1884.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake and California, arrives 10.45 a. m., departs 10 48 a m

" 1. Pueblo Accommodation arrives 7 00 p. m., departs 7 05 p. m

" 3. La Veta, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 10 05 p. m., departs 10 55 p. m.

" 5. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro express, arrives 2 05 p. m., departs 2.10 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2. La Veta, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3.55 a. m., departs 4 00 a. m.

" 4. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro express, daily, arrives 12 05 p. m., departs 12 07 p. m.

" 6. Denver accommodation arrives 9 10 a. m., departs 9.15 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives 5.55 p. m., departs 6.00 p. m.

* Daily except Sunday.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leaves		Arrives
No. 11 Leaves 9.30 a. m.	No. 12	Arrives 8.55 a. m
" 13 " 2.15 p. m.	No. 14	" 11.55 a. m.
" 15 " 7.00 p. m.	No. 16	" 6.50 p. m.

Tickets for sale to all principal cities, at the lowest rates. Parties can select their own routes.

Cars now running through to Leadville. Pullman cars attached to night trains. Parlor cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge, and in the Grand Canyon.

For information or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

Leaves	Arrives
For Pueblo...10.55 a. m.	From Pueblo, 3.30 p. m.
" Denver... 7.00 p. m.	From Denver, 11.30 a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.00 p. m., Sundays from 12 to 1 p. m. Mails close and arrive as follows:

CLOSE.	ARRIVE.
Via D. & R. G.	10.30 a. m. / 1.45 p. m.
" "	6.00 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.	5.30 p. m.
SOUTH.	
Via D. & N. O.	8.00 a. m.
Via D. & R. G.	11.45 a. m.
" "	3.40 p. m.
" "	6.00 p. m.
WEST FROM AND NORTH.	ARRIVE.
Via D. & R. G.	7.00 a. m. / 12.30 p. m.
" "	11.00 a. m. / 6.30 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.	2.20 p. m.
" "	7.00 p. m.
WEST FROM AND NORTH.	
Via D. & R. G.	7.00 a. m. / 12.30 p. m.
" "	6.30 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.	9.50 a. m. / 5.10 p. m.
	ARRIVE. / DEPART.
Colorado City & Manitou	11.00 a. m. / 10.30 a. m.
Manitou	6.00 p. m. / 5.10 p. m.

Mail for Buntview and Hatton closes Sunday at 5.00 p. m. Arrives Tuesday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12.00 m, and arrives Saturday at 6.00 p. m.

Telegraph Office Hours.

Week days ..... 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays ..... 8 to 10 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m.

MISS M. A. CARPENTER, Manager.

Mr. John Hundley has gone east for a short sojourn.

Judge Wm. Harrison went to his ranch at Buena Vista yesterday.

Capt. M. L. De Coursey came up from Gunnison on the Salt Lake train yesterday.

W. A. Smith, N. W. Bacon and R. F. Weitbrec went north on the Denver accommodation yesterday.

Dr. Kirkwood arrived home on the Salt Lake train last night from his trip in southern and western Colorado.

New offices are being partitioned off from the store room in the Wanless block just north of the First National bank.

Advertise your holiday goods in the GAZETTE, which is by far the largest circulation of any paper in El Paso county.

Since the first of December bounties to the amount of $220 have been paid out at the county office for hawks' heads.

We understand that the ladies of the Grace Episcopal church will realize about $385 from the bazar held on Friday and Saturday last.

Prof. Geo. N. Marden, of Colorado college, will lecture in Manitou next Friday night on "Arabs," and will appear in Arab costume.

Mr. Fred Archer, the celebrated English jockey, is now in New York and contemplates coming to Colorado Springs soon for a short stay.

Mr. H. T. Blake will keep the Crawford house open for those desirous of obtaining well lighted, convenient and well furnished rooms.

Miss Murphy, daughter of W. H. Murphy, who has been stopping at The Antlers for the past six months, returned from Newark, N. J., yesterday.

Messrs. Wells, Smith & Co. have established themselves in the real estate business. Their office is with Bumstead & Corum in the Wanless block.

M. H. Rodgers, engineer of the Denver & Rio Grande, came down from Denver last night on a special train and remained here until this morning.

Ida Costello, two year old daughter of F. F. Costello of Florissant, died Saturday of scarlet fever. This is the second death in the family within a short time.

The snow fall of Saturday afternoon had the much desired effect of settling the dust in Colorado Springs, and the sprinkling cart will have a rest for a few days.

Ben Walden, of the late firm of Walden & McHer, was chosen sheriff of a Dakota county at the late election, and leaves Illinois soon to assume the duties of his new office.

It has been decided to have the sessions of the college club only every two weeks in the future, instead of every week as at present, consequently there will be no session to-night.

At a meeting of Company A, held in the armory last evening the following resolution was unanimously passed: "That the thanks of this company be tendered to the judges of the competitive drill held in the skating rink on the evening of the 27th, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to each member of the committee of judges." We understand that the company realized over fifty dollars from the receipts of the entertainment at the rink.

Mrs. W. B. Fance arrived here yesterday from Philadelphia to join her husband, who has been stopping at The Antlers for the past two months. She expects to remain some time.

T. S. Woolsey and family, who have been stopping at The Antlers for the past two months, left for Los Angeles, California, yesterday by the Thunderbolt, where they expect to spend the winter.

Mr. Matt Wilbur will send three coops of fancy game birds to the state poultry show, which opens at Denver on the 17th inst. We were in error the other day in stating that it would be on January 27th.

W. A. Richards, county surveyor, has returned after a two months' absence during which time he has been surveying some very large tracts of land in the territory of Wyoming for some large cattle men.

This week the Salisbury Troubadours and next week Emma Abbott will play at Denver. Both organizations came to Colorado Springs on the occasion of their former visit to Colorado. Are we to have them now?

Mr. Arthur West, formerly with Mr. G. S. Swope, now established in business at Aspen, was among the arrivals at The Antlers yesterday. He considers Aspen one of the liveliest business towns in the state.

We have it from very good authority that there is a wanton killing of elk, deer and other game in the mountains for other purposes than for food. The next legislature should see that this practice is stopped by an additional section to the game law.

According to the weather observations taken at Colorado college, the highest temperature yesterday was 31°, the lowest 10.5°, and the velocity of the wind 98 miles. For the preceding day the mean temperature was 22.1°, and the mean barometer 24.124 inches.

Mr. Eastham, who was formerly in partnership with Mr. Aiken in the North End market, has gone to Pueblo, where he will take up his residence. He has lived in Colorado Springs for seven or eight years and his many friends will regret his departure.

Col. and Mrs. J. H. Bacon, whom the GAZETTE announced had been called east on account of serious sickness of Mrs. Bacon's father, received a telegram at Denver announcing the death of the latter. They returned to their home in this city Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Pettibone, professional skaters, who gave a very satisfactory exhibition at the rink some time ago, will appear here again next Monday night. Their motions are just what you will have to learn if you expect to take the prize as a graceful skater at the Christmas carnival.

Coates Bros., of Philadelphia, in their last circular say that the wool market continues dull and depressed. During the past week there has been rather more inquiry for some kinds, but not enough has been sold to make a good trade. From all parts of the country come reports of mills closing or running but short time, so that we may not expect any improvement until manufacturers can materially reduce their stock of accumulated product or obtain orders for new goods. Should most of the woolen machinery of the country be run throughout the winter the stock of domestic wools will all be wanted, and, at present values, there is but little chance of the competing foreign wools being imported. While, therefore, prices are largely nominal, most holders are firm and not disposed to make undue concessions. There is rather more inquiry for strictly fine fleece and for combing and delaine but medium clothing wools are very dull and depressed by the low priced territory stock. Texas and far western wools have sold to some extent but at very low figures. New Mexican wools have been affected by the stoppage of carpet machinery which is a consequence of the general strike of the weavers against a reduction in wages.

DIED.

COSTELLO—On Friday, November 28th, at 8.40 p. m., James, aged 10 months. On Saturday, December 6th 1884, at 8.10 p. m., Ida Emma, both children of Frank F. and Ida Costello, of Florissant, Colo.

SHARPLESS—In this city, suddenly, on Monday, December 8th, 1884, Frederick Hacker Sharpless, formerly of Philadelphia, in the thirty-fourth year of his age.

DATER—In this city, on December 8th, Bessie, only child of Leonard and Lena Dater, aged 11 months.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers
No. Pike's Peak Avenue. j 28 tf

SEE THE FAIRLEY BROS.' HOLIDAY DISPLAY.

A great reduction in the price of rattan rockers and chairs will be made until January 1st. Wagons, sleds, patent horses and shoofflies, children's rockers and chairs, doll's perambulators and doll's high chairs, china cups and mugs, vases and smoking sets, children's tea sets, decorated and fancy cups and saucers, plates, etc. Silver plated ware, an extra large display of library and stand lamps, and numerous other items, including our regular stock of staple goods throughout the house furnishing line. Examine them before purchasing.

FAIRLEY BROS., UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING, fourth door east of City Drug Store.

Mrs. Minna Knapp Card will teach music, $1 per lesson. 121 Huerfano st. m-7-6t

Try those large oysters at Helm & Co.'s for 35c per quart. j-28 tf

WOOD! WOOD!

Pitch wood, cord wood and slabs by the load. Secure orders in rear of Dozier's carpenter shop, Pike's Peak avenue. JNO COURTER. 1 27 1m

CUT THIS OUT

And send it with one dollar and we will send you six, all linen, hem stitched, colored bordered handkerchiefs, and our cook book. The whole worth at least $2 50, a great bargain. Write full address

M. J. McNAMARA & Co.,
1 15-2m* Denver, Colo.

FASTEST TIME ON RECORD.

Sunday, September 14th, the popular Burlington Route commenced running over the Oxford-Kenesaw cut-off, the completion of which makes this the shortest line to Omaha, Chicago and all points east by 50 miles. Passengers from this city can save four hours by taking the Burlington train from Denver, where direct connections are made with all D. & R. G. trains. Pullman buffet cars are run through from Denver to Chicago every day in the year, without change, over the Burlington. Passengers can take the D. & R. G. trains leaving Colorado Springs at 4 55 or 5.40 p. m., and take Burlington train leaving Denver at 9 45 p. m., reaching Chicago in 39½ hours. For tickets and information inquire of J. M. Ellison, agent of the D. & R. G., Colorado Springs. 5-27 tf

Sewing Machines Repaired at the Novelty Works, No. 120 Pike's Peak ave. m 9-tf

Durkee's Salad Dressing & Cold Meat Sauce. The universal favorite both in the U. S. and Great Britain. Wholesome, delicious, economical, and nutritious. Saves anxiety, waste, and trouble.

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, SILVERWARE, CHINA, BISQUE FIGURES, ORNAMENT, &c. Sent by mail or express to any part of the country, at lowest prices. No wiser investment can be made for presents to heads of households than something from our entirely new and mammoth stock. Henshall Queensware Co., Denver, Colo. 1 15 2m*

We have the finest line of Christmas goods in the city. Thayer & Howbert. 1-25-tf

Go to Ashby's for now and second hand stoves. He also keeps on hand a large supply of stoves for rent. You can save money by calling on Ashby before purchasing elsewhere.

Try the Cotswold duster for pianos and piercer, at Ashby's.

See the Boynton Folding Bed at Ashby's.

A full line of hanging lamps at Ashby's. New patterns.

All kinds of Centre Tables cheap at Ashby's.

A fine secretary at a big bargain at Ashby's.

French Dolls beautifully dressed, just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S. m 2-6m

A Lot of Beautiful

BOOKS,

for Children

from all Publishers.

THAYER & HOWBERT. 1-4 tf

Etchings!--By Stephen Parrish, $5 to $15
Artotypes---Plain and Colored, $1 to $4
French Photographs $2.25 to $3.75

--ALSO--

Photogravures
Mezzotints
and Ideal Heads
for Framing and Coloring
at Low Prices.

Thayer & Howbert. 1-25 tf

Some Bull Terriers.

Can be seen by applying to

h-21-tf J. W. Garrie.

W. T. NOX & BRO.

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And agents for

Canon City, Walsen Cameron, Blacksmith's and MESA ANTHRACITE COAL.

Office at the coal yards near D. & R. G. freight depot. Order books at the hardware store of G. S. Barnes & Son and C. E. Durkee. Telephone No. 19. j-6-tf

Glenwood Springs

TOWN CO.

Glenwood Springs, Garfield Co., Colo.

Lots for Sale in this Promising Resort for Invalids.

The hot sulphur springs, lakes and caves are wonderful beyond description and afford a certain cure for scrofulous and other diseases.

A hotel just opened, giving accommodation to tourists.

The town of Glenwood Springs is destined to be the supply point for the great agricultural valley of the Roaring Fork and for the grand stock ranges of the valleys of the White and Grand rivers.

For prices of lots and for pamphlets giving all information as to routes, rates, etc., etc., apply to

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
General Manager,
Colorado Springs,
Colorado.
j-1-tf

Bankrupt Sale

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Which Must be Closed Out.

THIRD DOOR NORTH

of Post-Office.

C. W. Howbert

AGENT. m-3-tf

THE CENTURY!

IN 1885.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

PAPERS ON THE CIVIL WAR.

The important feature of the CENTURY MAGAZINE for the coming year—indeed, perhaps the most important ever undertaken by the magazine—will be a series of separate papers on the great battles of the war for the Union, written by general officers high in command upon both the federal and the confederate sides—General Grant (who writes of Vicksburg, Shiloh, and other battles) Generals Longstreet, McClellan, Beauregard, Rosecrans, Bill Admiral Porter and others. The series opens in the November CENTURY with a graphically illustrated article on

THE BATTLE OF BULL RUN,

written by the confederate general, G. T. Beauregard. Brief papers entitled "Recollections of a Private," dates chronicling special events, descriptions of various auxiliary branches of the service, etc., will supplement the more important series by the various generals.

A strict regard for accuracy will guide the preparations of the illustrations, to which the CENTURY has set its diagonal a very large quantity of photographs, sketches, portraits, maps, plans, etc., hitherto unused. The aim is to present in this series not official reports, but commanding officers' accounts of their plans and operations—interesting personal experiences which will record leading events of the war and possess, at the same time, a historical value not easily to be calculated.

FICTION.

In this line the CENTURY will maintain its prestige and furnish the best stories by American writers that can be secured. In November begins

A NEW NOVEL BY W. D. HOWELLS,

author of "Venetian Days," "A Modern Instance," etc. This story deals with the rise of an American business man. A novel by Henry James, a novelette by Grace Denio Litchfield, and short stories by "Uncle Remus," Frank R. Stockton, H. H. Boyesen, T. A. Janvier, H. H., Julian Hawthorne and other equally well known writers will appear at various times.

MISCELLANEOUS FEATURES.

Under this heading may be included a series of papers on the cities of Italy by W. D. Howells, the illustrations being reproductions of etchings and drawings by Joseph Pennell; a series on

THE NEW NORTHWEST

being an interesting group of papers by F. V. Smalley, Lieutenant Schwatka, Principal Grant of Kingston, Ontario, and others descriptive of little-known regions; papers on French and American art, outdoor and indoor painting, with some exquisite illustrations; papers on

ASTRONOMY, ARCHITECTURE AND HISTORY,

the first being by Professor Langley and others. Under architecture are included more of Mrs. Van Rensselaer's articles on churches, city and country houses etc. Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., will describe

PROGRESS IN SANITARY DRAINAGE,

E. C. Stedman, Edmund Gosse, and others will furnish literary essays, George W. Cable will contribute in various ways, several papers on sport and adventure will soon be published, and

JOHN BURROUGHS

will write from time to time on outdoor subjects.

Readers of the CENTURY may feel sure of keeping abreast of the times on leading subjects that may properly come within the province of a monthly magazine. Its circulation is now about 140,000 monthly, the November number exceeding that figure. Subscriptions should date from this number, beginning the war series and Mr. Howells' novel. Price $4.00 a year, 35 cents a number. All booksellers and newsdealers sell it and take subscriptions, or remittance may be made to the publishers.

A free specimen copy of the CENTURY will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

The Century Co.
Publishers, New York City.

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

MY ASSORTMENT OF

CHRISTMAS CARDS

Is Now Open.

The Cheapest and Prettiest IN TOWN.

Come and Make Your Selections Early.

I Will Open About the 8th Inst.

A VERY LARGE & BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF

HOLIDAY GOODS

SUITABLE FOR

Christmas and New Year Gifts.

ORNAMENTAL, USEFUL AND BEAUTIFUL, to Suit all Pockets, from 5c to $25 Each.

All who wish to buy their CHRISTMAS PRESENTS at one fourth less than they will pay elsewhere will do well to wait till they see my stock. It will be economy to do so. Respectfully,

EDWARD FERRIS.

Christmas Cards Now Open. d-3-tf

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT.

If you are poor and feel you must economize, buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies', Gent's and Children's Furnishing Goods of D. J. MARTIN. If you are rich and feel you want to keep abreast of the times or grow richer MARTIN'S is the place to make your purchases. No place like MARTIN'S. His low prices meet the necessities of the Hard times, and send his customers away happy and contented with the BIGGEST KIND OF BARGAINS.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

LOW PRICES WILL ALWAYS TELL,
GOOD GOODS ARE SURE TO SELL
LOWER THAN THE LOWEST YOU WILL FIND
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS OF EVERY KIND,
CHENILLE, EMBR. SILK, PLUSH AND SATEEN
AND THE NEWEST OF ALL, EMBROIDERY ARRASENE.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, BOTH HEAVY AND FINE,
AND EVERY KIND OF GOODS IN OUR LINE

k-tf P. ERICKSON, 16 S. TEJON ST.

We cordially invite Everybody to call and see our Christmas Stock.

GIDDINGS BROS.

m-7-tf

FURS! FURS!

Having secured the services of a Skilled Furrier from New York City, I am now ready to receive orders for all kinds of Fur work, and to Guarantee Satisfaction. Repairing and manufacturing of Seal Skin Sacques a Specialty.

I have also an able assistant in the Taxidermy Department and can Preserve all Specimens sent me Promptly and Satisfactorily.

6-2 tf C. B. AIKEN.

AIKEN'S MUSEUM

Elegant Photograph Albums in Plush, Turkey, Morocco and Calf Binding, just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S. m-2-6m

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper.
At the Gazette Office.